## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-III

### **Course Title: Mechanics of Structures**

(Course Code: 4330602)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Civil Engineering, Environment Engineering	Third Semester

### 1. RATIONALE

After learning Mechanics of rigid bodies in the second semester as a course Engineering Mechanics, Mechanics of Structures mainly deals with analysis of deformable structures. The primary purpose of the study of this course is to understand the behavior of various structural elements like beams, columns and truss members (struts/ties) under direct and transverse loads. Study of slope and deflection of beams will give insight to students about 'Stiffness', a very important property of the structure. This course enables the student to analyse the determinate structure and this will be helpful for safe and economical design of Steel & Concrete Structures used in Civil Engineering construction. Hence, this course is also a prerequisite of design of structure.

### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Use the principle of Mechanics of Structures to solve broad-based engineering related problems.

# 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Analyse structural behaviour of various materials under axial loading.
- b) Determine moment of inertia of a symmetrical and asymmetrical section about a given axis.
- c) Draw and Interpret shear force and bending moment diagrams and determine the bending and shear stresses in beams for various types and loading conditions.
- d) Determine slope and deflection in cantilever and simply supported beams.
- e) Determine axial forces in the members of simple truss.
- f) Analyse the column for axial load with various end conditions.

Teach	ing Scł	neme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme					
(Ir	Hours	s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks Practical Marks 1			Total		
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks	
3	0	2	4	30*	70	25	25	150	

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

(\*):Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

## 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
1	Conduct tension test on a given sample of mild steel and draw stress-strain curve.	I	04*
2	Determine Young's Modulus of wire of given material.		02*
3	Find out Compressive Strength of Cast Iron, Mild Steel, Wooden specimen with parallel & perpendicular to grains & Concrete cube.	Ι	04*
4	Determine Izod impact value and Charpy impact value of given materials.	Ι	04*
5	Compute Polar Moment of Inertia of Fly Wheel.	I	02*
6	Conduct flexural test on wooden beam and find out ultimate bending stress.	III,IV	02*
7	Conduct shear test (Single and Double shear) on mild steel and cast iron specimen.	III,IV	02*
8	Find out deflection of cantilever beam for end point load and simply supported beam for central point load	V	02*
9	Analyse at least two simple trusses using analytical method (method of joints) and verify with graphical method.	VI	04*
10	Demonstrate End Conditions of Column.	VII	02*
	Total hours		28 Hrs.

<u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii. The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills(more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed Practical Exercises of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.*

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Identify components	10
2	Prepare experimental setup.	20
3	Operate the equipment setup.	20

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
4	Follow safe practices .	10
5	Record observations correctly.	20
6	Interpret the result and conclude.	20
	Total	100

### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to usher in uniformity of practicals in all institutions across the state.

Sr. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Universal Testing Machine with beam and shear attachment.	1,6 &7
2	Searl's apparatus to find Young's modulus of wire	2
3	Compression Testing Machine.	3
5	Izod & Charpy Impact Test Apparatus	4
4	Fly Wheel for polar moment of inertia	5
7	Deflection of beam apparatus	8
8	Working Model of End conditions of column	10

## 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow safety practices while using equipment.
- c) Realize importance of green energy. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

## 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such higher level UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit – I Direct Stress & Strain	<ul> <li>1a. Evaluate Material properties Under Longitudinal and Lateral Loads.</li> <li>1b. Calculate stress and strain under thermal variation.</li> <li>1c. Interpret stress strain curve for various material.</li> <li>1d. Analyse composite &amp; compound section for stress and strain.</li> <li>1e. Compute Strain Energy under different types of loading on elements.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Direct stress, Linear strain, Elasticity, Elastic limit, Hook's law, Modulus of Elasticity or Young's modulus, Stress Strain curve for mild steel bar under tension with numerical problems.</li> <li>Lateral stress and strain, Poisson's ratio, Volumetric strain, Bulk modulus, relation between three moduli and numericals.</li> <li>Basics Concepts of Shear Stress , Shear Strain &amp; Modulus of rigidity.</li> <li>Concept of composite and compound section, modular ratio and numericals.</li> <li>Concept of Thermal stress and strain, Thermal stresses for non-yielding and yielding condition with numericals.</li> <li>Stresses due to gradual, sudden and impact load, corresponding deformation, Strain energy, Resilience, Proof resilience and Modulus of resilience with numericals.</li> </ol>
Unit – II Moment of Inertia	<ul> <li>2a. Locate the axis of symmetry &amp; Centroidal axis in symmetrical &amp; asymmetrical solid and hollow sections</li> <li>2b. Apply Parallel axis theorem to determine moment of inertia, for symmetrical &amp; asymmetrical sections about centroidal axis and any other reference axis.</li> <li>2c. Apply Perpendicular axis theorem to determine Polar Moment of Inertia of a section.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1. Importance of Moment of Inertia.</li> <li>2.2. Axis of symmetry, Centroidal axis and axis of reference.</li> <li>2.3. Parallel Axis Theorem &amp; Perpendicular Axis Theorem</li> <li>2.4. Formulas to calculate Moment of Inertia of solid and hollow rectangle, square, circle, triangle shapes (without derivations).</li> <li>2.5. Moment of Inertia of symmetrical and asymmetrical I-section, Channel section, T-section, Angle section, Hollow sections and Built up sections about Centroidal axis and any other reference axis using Parallel axis theorem.</li> <li>2.6. Polar Moment of Inertia of solid &amp; hollow circular sections.</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
Onit	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit– III S.F. & B. M. in Beam	<ul> <li>3a. Identify statically determinate and statically indeterminate beams.</li> <li>3b. Analyse statically determinate beam for Bending Moment and Shear Force.</li> <li>3c. Draw Shear Force and Bending Moment diagram for statically determinate beams.</li> <li>3d. Interpret Shear Force and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Statically Determinate and statically indeterminate beam examples.</li> <li>3.2 Concept of Bending Moment and Shear Force in beam.</li> <li>3.3 Sagging and Hogging Bending Moment. Positive and Negative Shear Force.</li> <li>3.4 Calculation of Bending Moment and Shear Force at various sections of beam for cantilever simply supported and overhang beam subjected to point to be a subject of the section.</li> </ul>
	Bending Moment diagram of statically determinate beams.	<ul><li>load and/ or u.d.l.</li><li>3.5 S.F. &amp; B.M. Diagram for above beams</li><li>3.6 Point of Contra-flexure &amp; its importance.</li></ul>
Unit– IV Bending & Shear Stress in Beam	<ul> <li>4a. Determine Bending stress at a particular section of beam using the bending equation.</li> <li>4b. Draw a Bending stress distribution diagram for a particular beam section.</li> <li>4c. Determine Shear stress at a particular section of beam using the shear equation.</li> <li>4d. Draw a Shear stress distribution diagram for a particular beam section.</li> <li>4e. Identify factors affecting Bending and Shear stress.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.1 Concept and theory of pure bending, assumptions, Bending equation (without derivation), Section Modulus, Bending stresses and their nature, Bending stress distribution diagram.</li> <li>4.2 Concept of moment of resistance and simple numerical problems using bending equation.</li> <li>4.3 Shear stress equation (without derivation), relation between maximum and average Shear stress for rectangular and circular section.</li> <li>4.4 Shear stress distribution for square, rectangular, circular, angle sections, channel section, I-section, T section. Simple numerical problems based on Shear equation.</li> </ul>
Unit– V Slope and Deflection	<ul> <li>5a. Differentiate between strength and stiffness of structural member.</li> <li>5b. Calculate maximum slope and deflection in cantilever and simply supported beams under symmetrical loads.</li> <li>5c. Identify factors affecting slope and deflection.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.1 Concept of Slope &amp; Deflection of beams.</li> <li>5.2 Flexural rigidity and its significance.</li> <li>5.3 Formulas (without derivation) of maximum slope &amp; deflection for cantilever beams subjected to point load at free end and u.d.l. Over the entire span.</li> <li>5.4 Formulas (without derivation) of maximum slope &amp; deflection for simply supported beams subjected to point load at center and u.d.l. over the entire span.</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	6a. Suggest the type of truss for	6.1 Type of truss - Simple, fink, compound
Unit– VI	given situation with proper	fink, Howe truss, Pratt truss, North
Analysis of	justification.	light truss, king post truss, queen post
Truss	6b. Differentiate perfect, deficient	truss, French truss. Compare the
	and redundant truss	simple truss with the beam.
	6c. Analyse the simple truss using	6.2 Perfect, deficient and redundant truss.
	the method of joints.	6.3 Analysis of different trusses to find out
	6d. Analyse the simple truss using a	axial forces in members using
	graphical method.	analytical method (method of joint)
		and graphical method.
Unit– VII	7a Interpret various column end	7.1 Column and Strut, radius of gyration,
Column &	conditions	slenderness ratio, Short Column and
Strut	7b Analyse column for load	Long Column.
	carrying capacity with Euler's	7.2 End conditions & effective length of
	theory	column. Mode of failure in column.
	7c Analyse column for load	7.3 The limitations of Euler's theory for
	carrying capcity with Rankine's	short column, Euler's formula for
	theory	crippling load of long columns and
		numericals.
		7.4 Rankin's formula for buckling load of
		short & long columns and numericals.

### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Unit Title Teaching				
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level	Level	Marks
Ι	Direct Stress & Strain	10	2	4	8	14
П	Moment of Inertia	04	2	2	4	08
Ш	S.F. & B. M. in Beam	08	2	4	8	14
IV	Bending & Shear Stress in Beam	06	2	2	6	10
V	Slope and Deflection	04	2	2	4	08
VI	Analysis of Truss	06	2	2	6	10
VII	Column & Strut	04	2	2	2	06
	Total	42	14	18	38	70

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

### **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Collect different situations with photographs of a structural members where axial force is predominant.
- b) Collect the photographs of steel structural elements made of I-section, angle section, channel section and built-up section.
- c) Collect different situations with photographs of a structural members where bending moment and shear force are predominant
- d) Collect the photographs of five different types of truss in the field.
- e) Collect the information with photographs of structural failure due to excessive axial load.
- f) Collect the information with photographs of structural failure due to excessive bending moment
- g) Collect the information with photographs of structural members having excessive deflection (beyond permissible limit)
- h) Collect the information with photographs of failure of columns due to earthquake.

## 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No.* 4 means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- f) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability.
- g) Guide students for using data manuals.

# *12.* SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar

presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro-project should be about **14**-**16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Prepare spreadsheet or computer program to calculate the stresses in the composite section.
- b) Compare tensile strength and cost of three locally available structural steel bars.
- c) Compare modulus of elasticity of wires of three different materials using Searle's apparatus.
- d) Prepare spreadsheet or computer program to calculate the support reactions of statically determinate beams.
- e) Prepare spreadsheet or computer program to calculate the bending stress and shear stress in a beam having a rectangular or circular section.
- f) Analyse statically determinate beam using freeware software.
- g) Prepare spreadsheet or computer program to calculate slope and deflection of simply supported beam and cantilever beam for various load cases.
- h) Calculate modulus of elasticity of a material by measuring deflection of beam.
- i) Using drafting software, analyse the truss graphically.
- j) Analyse the truss using freeware software.
- k) Prepare spreadsheet or computer program to calculate safe load on column using Euler's and Rankine's formula.

15.	SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES					
Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN			
1	Mechanics of Structures	Dr. H.J. Shah &	Charotar Publication, Anand. (2016)			
	(VolI)	S.B. Junnarkar	ISBN: 97-893-850-392-70			
2	Strength of Materials	R.S.Khurmi	S Chand Publishing, Delhi (2019)			
	(Mechanics of Solids)	N. Khurmi	ISBN: 97-893-528-339-79			
3	Strength of Materials	Dr. R.K.Bansal	Laxmi Publications(P) Ltd. New			
			Delhi(2005)			
			ISBN: 97-881-700-814-70			
4	Strength of Materials	S. Ramamrutham	Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company			
		& R.Narayanan	(2011)			
			ISBN:97-881-874-335-45			
5	Theory of Structures	R.S.Khurmi	S Chand Publishing, Delhi (2000)			
			ISBN: 97-881-219-052-06			

#### 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

### 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a) <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105104160</u> (NPTEL Course :- Mechanics of Solids by IIT, Kanpur)
- b) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GkFgysZC4Vc&list=PL27C4A6AEA552F9E6</u> (NPTEL Video Lectures by IIT, Kharagpur)
- c) <u>www.vlab.co.in</u> (Virtual Lab by Ministry of Education, Government of India)

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester III		Mechanics of Structures (Course Code: 4330602)						
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge			PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimentation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Management	PO 7 Life-long learning	
<u>Competency</u>	Use the prime problems.	nciple of M	lechanics of Str	uctures to solve br		neering related		
Course Outcomes COa) Analyse structural behaviour of various materials under axial loading.	2	3	-	3	2	2	2	
COb) Determine moment of inertia of a symmetrical and asymmetrical section about a given axis.	2	3	-	2	2	2	2	
COc) Draw and Interpret shear force and bending moment diagrams and determine the bending and shear stresses in beams for various types and loading conditions.	2	3	_	-	2	2	2	

COd) Determine slope and deflection in cantilever and simply supported beams.	2	3	_	3	2	2	2
COe) Determine axial forces in the members of simple truss.	2	3	-	-	2	2	2
COf) Analyse the column for axial load with various end conditions.	2	3	-	2	2	2	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

# 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE <u>GTU Resource Persons</u>

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